Trowbridge Urban District Council

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR

1967.

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TROWBRIDGE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH AND CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR 1967.

Mr.Chairman and Members,

I have pleasure in presenting the Annual Report for 1967.

Owing to the rapid growth of the town in recent years the sewage works has been increasingly overloaded. The proposed new works will be capable of dealing with the domestic and industrial sewage not only of Trowbridge but of the adjoining rural areas. It is hoped that construction of the new works will start in the near future.

Another problem facing Trowbridge and many other urban areas with a shortage of land, is refuse disposal. A number of local authorities in the area are co-operating in a joint scheme to deal with refuse by modern methods of incineration.

The statistics indicate no great change from those of recent years. The birth rate of 20.2 per thousand population was well above the national figure of 17.2, the death rate of 12.0 was a little above the national rate of 11.2.

The table showing causes of death at different periods of life during 1967 indicates that 60% of the men and 82% of the women who died were over the age of 65 years. Thus a higher proportion of people than in former times are living to 70 years or more and the need for suitable housing accommodation and supporting health and social services is increasing.

With regard to infectious diseases, most of the notifications were for measles against which a vaccine will be available next year. If a high percentage of susceptible children are vaccinated, measles may be almost eradicated within the next ten years as poliomyelitis has been in the last.

Yours faithfully,

JOHN L.DAVIES.

Medical Officer of Health.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

Area ..... 2,250 acres

Population 17,530

Rateable Value £835,758

Sum Representated by Penny Rate £3283.2.2d

Total Number of Houses in Urban District 6,246

VITAL STATISTICS.

LIVE BIRTHS -	M.	F.	Total	1966	England and Wales 1967
Legitimate	148	164	312	317	
Illegitimate	12	12	24	18	
	160	176	336	335	
LIVE BIRTH RATE - per 1,000 population			19.2	19.3	17.2
ILLEGITIMATE LIVE BIRTHS - expressed as percentage of total live births			7.1	5.4	
CORRECTED BIRTH RATE - per 1,000 population			20.2	20.3	17.2
STILL BIRTHS -					
Legitimate	0	0	0	8	
Illegitimate	0	0	0		
	0	0	0	8	
STILL BIRTH RATE - per 1,000 live and still births			0	23.3	14.8
TOTAL LIVE AND STILL BIRTHS	160	176	336	3.43	
TOTAL DEATHS FROM ALL CAUSES	110	100	210		
DEATH RATE per 1,000 population all Causes			12.0	11.7	11.2

	M.	F.	Total	1966	England and Wales 1967.
CORRECTED DEATH RATE per 1,000 population (comparability factor 1.00)			12.0	11.5	11.2
INFANTS DEATHS (under 1 year)					
Legitimate	7	3	10	7	
Illegitimate	0	1	1	0	
	7	4	11	7	
INFANT MORTALITY RATE per 1,000 live births:			32.7	20.9	18.3
NEO-NATAL DEATHS (under 4 weeks)					
Legitimate	5	2	7		
Illegitimate	0	1	1		
	5	3	8		
NEO-NATAL MORTALITY RATE per 1,000 live births			23.8	11.9	12.5
EARLY NEO-NATAL DEATHS (under 1 week)					
Legitimate	4	2	6		
Illegitimate	0	1	1		
	4	3	7		
EARLY NEO-NATAL MORTALITY RATE per 1,000 live births			20.8	9.0	10.8
PERINATAL MORTALITY RATE (still births and deaths under 1 week per 1,000 live and still births)			20.8	32.1	25.4
MATERNAL DEATHS (including abortion)	0	0			
MATERNAL MORTALITY RATE per 1,000 live and still births	0	0			

AREA COMPARABILITY FACTORS. These factors are provided by the Registrar-General in respect of birth and death rates in order to make approximate allowance for the way in which local populations differ in age and sex distribution for England and Wales as a whole.

The local crude rates have to be multiplied by the area factor before they are comparable with the crude rate for England and Wales, or with the corresponding adjusted rate for any other area.

Comparability Factor for Trowbridge in 1967:-

BIRTHS 1.05

DEATHS 1.00

ANALYSIS OF DEATHS FROM ALL CAUSES.

CAUSE OF DEATH	Sex	Total all Ages	Under 4 Weeks
Tuberculosis, other	M	1	-
	F	-	-
Measles	M	1	-
	F	-	-
Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach	M	3	-
	F	1	-
Malignant Neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus	M	9	-
	F	2	-
Malignant Neoplasm, Breast	M	-	-
	F	4	-
Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus	F	2	-
Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms	M	6	-
	F	7	-
Diabetes	M	1	-
	F	2	-
Vascular Lesions of Nervous System	M	12	-
	F	14	-
Coronary Disease, Angina	M	24	-
	F	17	-
Hypertension with Heart Disease	M	-	-
	F	2	-
Other Heart Disease	M	16	-
	F	16	-
Other Circulatory Disease	M	1	-
	F	7	-
Pneumonia	M	9	-
	F	4	-
Bronchitis	M	6	-
	F	2	-
Other Diseases of Respiratory System	M	2	-
	F	2	-
Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea	M	-	-
	F	2	-
Nephritis and Nephrosis	M	-	-
	F	1	-
Hyperplasia of Prostate	M	1	-
Congenital Malformations	M	1	1
	F	1	1
Other Defined and Ill-defined Diseases	M	6	4
	F	10	2
Motor Vehicle Accidents	M	7	-
	F	-	-
All Other Accidents	M	2	-
	F	2	-
Suicide	M	-	-
	F	1	-
Homicide and Operations of War	M	2	-
	F	1	-
TOTAL ALL CAUSES	M	110	5
	F	100	3

ANALYSIS OF DEATHS FROM ALL CAUSES.

4 weeks and under 1 year.	AGE IN YEARS 1-	5-	15-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	75 and over
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-
-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	6	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	1	1
-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	4
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	7
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	12
-	-	-	-	-	2	3	8	6	5
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	7
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	12
-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	13
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	5
1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	4
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	5
-	-	-	4	-	1	1	-	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	3	1	4	-	4	9	16	30	36
1	1	-	-	1	4	4	4	24	58

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES.

STAFF.

Part-time Medical Officer, Dr.J.L.Davies, M.B., B.S., D.P.H., who acts for Trowbridge U.D.C., Bradford on Avon U.D.C. and is also an Assistant County Medical Officer.

Chief Public Health Inspector: Hugh Phillips, M.A.P.H.I., A.R.S.H., who acts as Authorised Officer under (1) Petroleum (Regulation) Acts, 1928 and 1936, (2) Pet Animals Act, 1951, (3) Heating Appliances (Fireguards) Regulations, 1953, (4) Diseases of Animals (Waste Foods) Order, 1957, and (5) Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963.

Deputy Public Health Inspector: Alan A.Johnson, M.A.P.H.I., M.R.S.H.

Additional Public Health Inspector: Ian Flack, M.A.P.H.I.
(Resigned 7th July, 1967).

Meat Inspectors: J.McGhee.
G.Pollitt.
J.Stone.

Clerk-typist: Mrs.N.M.Hillyer.

Rodent Operator: T.Richards.

LABORATORY FACILITIES. Public Health Laboratory, Bath.
Waterfall and O'Brien, Bristol.

COUNTY COUNCIL SERVICES.

Ambulance Facilities. The County Council's Ambulance Station for the area is at Hilperton Road, Trowbridge.

Services in the home are given by Midwives, District Nurses, Health Visitors, Welfare Officers, Mental Welfare Officers and Home Helps.

By arrangement with the West Wilts Hospitals Management Committee specialist clinics are held at various times by appointment. These include the Eye, Orthopaedic and Child Guidance Clinics.

Cervical Cytology Clinic. This Clinic which may be attended by appointment was opened at the new County Council Clinic in the Halve. A simple investigation involving the taking of a smear from the cervix enables pre-cancerous changes to be detected and hence treated before more serious trouble arises. This service is offered free to all women over the age of 25 years. The general practitioners and hospitals also arrange for this investigation to be carried out.

The Infant Welfare Clinic is held every Tuesday and Thursday at 2 p.m.

Immunisations are carried out at various times by appointment.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFIED IN 1967.

Age Group	Scarlet Fever		Whooping Cough		Acute Poliomyelitis Paralytic		Acute Poliomyelitis Non-Paralytic		Measles		Dysentery	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Under 1 year	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
1 year	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	20	–	–
2 years	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	16	17	–	–
3 years	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	13	21	–	–
4 years	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	18	12	–	–
5 – 9 years	–	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	39	53	–	–
10 –14 years	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–
15 –24 years	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
25 and over	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Age unknown	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–
Totals	–	–	1	3	–	–	–	–	95	125	–	–

Age Group	Acute Pneumonia		Erysipelas		Food Poisoning		Tuberculosis Respiratory		Tuberculosis Other		Puerperal Pyrexia
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	F
Under 5 years	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
5 – 14 years	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
15 – 24 years	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	1
25 – 44 years	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2
45 – 64 years	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
65 and over	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–
Age unknown	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Totals	–	–	1	–	–	–	2	1	–	–	3

IMMUNISATION AND VACCINATION.

I am indebted to the County Medical Officer of Health for the following figures for immunisation and vaccination carried out in Trowbridge during the year.

Year of Birth		1967	1966	1965	1964	1963	1962-58	1952-57	Others Under 16
Primary Immunisations Completed During 1967	Diphtheria	125	130	7	4	2	10	1	-
	Whooping Cough	124	130	7	1	-	3	-	-
	Tetanus	125	130	7	4	2	10	2	-
Reinforcing Injections Administered During 1967	Diphtheria	-	92	170	21	18	244	2	-
	Whooping Cough	-	79	149	17	18	156	2	-
	Tetanus	-	92	170	21	18	245	3	-

SMALLPOX

	Months				Years		
Age Group	0-3	3-6	6-9	9-12	1	2-4	5-15
Vaccinations	-	1	7	17	79	22	13
Re-vaccinations	-	-	-	-	-	2	8

During 1967 81.8% of babies born in 1966 were immunised against Diphtheria and in most cases against Whooping Cough and Tetanus also.

POLIOMYELITIS IMMUNISATION STATISTICS, 1967.

Age Group	3rd Quad	2nd inj.	3rd inj. or 4th Quad	4th inj.	3 oral doses	2 orals after 2 inj.	4th oral after 3 inj. or 3 oral
1967	-	-	-	-	106	-	-
1966	-	-	-	-	153	-	67
1965	-	-	-	-	23	-	88
1964	-	-	-	-	4	-	9
1963	-	-	-	-	3	-	14
1958 - 1962	-	-	-	-	24	-	245
1952 - 1957	-	-	-	-	1	-	8
Others under 16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other over 16	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
Totals	-	-	-	-	317	-	431

REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR.

A - INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD AND FOOD PREMISES.

(i) SLAUGHTERING.

Slaughtering facilities were provided at three premises:-

1. Bowyers (Wiltshire) Limited.
2. Case and Sons Limited.
3. W.E.Summers.

The first named is a modern installation. It is fully mechanised slaughtering between 75 and 105 pigs per hour according to need. The hours of operation were between 7.00 a.m. and 4.00 p.m.

Case and Sons Limited operate a part-mechanised system, slaughtering an average of 40 pigs per hour. Hours of slaughter varied according to the day of the week between 7.00 a.m. and 5.00 p.m.

Slaughtering (mainly calves) at W.E.Summers was carried out between the hours of 4.00 p.m. and 7.00 p.m. and on Saturdays between 8.00 a.m. and 12 noon.

With the exception of a few casualties no slaughtering was done on Sundays.

Twenty-five slaughtermen were licensed under the Slaughter of Animals Act, 1958.

(ii) INSPECTION OF MEAT AND OTHER FOODS.

Three authorised meat inspectors were employed throughout the year. In addition it was necessary for a public health inspector to spend a portion of each day on meat inspection.

Fifteen complaints concerning foodstuffs were investigated during the year. Most complaints were of mould. With two exceptions they involved the products of large firms. No court proceedings were taken.

The weights of meat and other food condemned as unfit for human consumption during the year were as follows:-

		Tons	Cwts	Qrs	Lbs
BEEF	Meat	8	10	1	23
	Offal	-	-	-	-
VEAL	Meat	-	9	1	-
	Offal	-	1	1	12
LAMB	Meat	-	-	-	20
	Offal	-	-	1	3
PORK	Meat	61	9	3	13
	Offal	64	1	0	20
OTHER FOODS		6	7	3	19
		141	0	1	26

MEAT INSPECTION AT BACON FACTORIES AND SLAUGHTERHOUSES, 1967.

	Cattle Excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number Killed	-	-	6,216	44	143,441
Number Inspected	-	-	6,216	44	143,441
ALL DISEASES EXCEPT TUBERCULOSIS AND CYSTICERCI					
Whole Carcases Condemned	-	-	12	-	598
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	16	14	12,003
Percentage of the number killed affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci	-	-	0.04%	3.18%	8.78%
TUBERCULOSIS ONLY					
Whole Carcases Condemned	-	-	-	-	6
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	1,948
Percentage of the number killed affected with tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	1.3%
CYSTICERCOSIS					
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	-
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration	-	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-

(iii) POULTRY INSPECTION.

(a) Number of processing premises within the District 1

(b) Number of visits to the premises 32

(c) Total number of birds processed during the year 3,547,012

(d) Types of birds processed ..... Broiler Chickens.

(e) Percentage of birds rejected as unfit for human consumption 0.96%

(f) Weight of poultry condemned as unfit for human consumption 102,124 lbs.

Regular weekly visits to the premises were made only during the first half of the year. The inspection and rejection of unfit birds were carried out by company's personnel at all stages of production with management supervision.

(iv) THE DISEASES OF ANIMALS (WASTE FOOD) ORDER, 1958.

The functions of the Wiltshire County Council under this Order are delegated to the Council. No plants were licensed during the year.

(v) THE FOOD HYGIENE (GENERAL) REGULATIONS, 1960.

Inspection of food premises were possible during the first half of the year but staff shortage for the remainder of the year curtailed necessary visits.

The number of food premises in the district by category of trade was as follows:-

		(a)	(b)	(c)
Grocers, Greengrocers, Fruiters, Confectioners	66	1	26	-
Cafes, Snack Bars	11	-	11	1
Fishmongers	4	-	4	2
Butchers	12	-	12	-
Bakers	3	-	3	-
Fish and Chip Saloons	4	-	4	-
Bacon Factories	2	-	2	-
Other Food Factories	10	1	10	1
Canteens, Kitchens, etc.	30	1	24	-
Food Warehouses	6	-	2	-
Breweries	2	-	2	-
Beer Bottling	1	-	-	-
Wine and Spirit Bottling	1	-	-	-
Public Houses	25	-	25	1
Clubs	8	2	8	2
Off-Licence Premises	4	-	-	-
	189	5	133	7

NOTES. The number of premises fitted to comply with Regulation 16 are enumerated under (a) above, those to which Regulation 19 applies under (b) and those fitted to comply with Regulation 19 under (c).

(vi) REGISTERED FOOD PREMISES.

Number of premises registered under Sections 16 and 18, Food and Drugs Act, 1955:-

(i)	(a)	For the Sale of Ice-Cream	45
	(b)	For the Storage of Ice-Cream	1
	(c)	For the Manufacture and Sale of Ice-Cream	1
(ii)		For the preparation or manufacture of Sausages or Potted, Pressed, Pickled or Preserved Food Intended for Sale	12

(vii) MILK AND DAIRIES (GENERAL) REGULATIONS, 1959.

(i)	Number of registered dairies (not being dairy farms)	4
(ii)	Number of registered distributors of milk	18

Of the registered distributors of milk ten were shop-keepers retailing small quantities of bottled or cartoned milk.

All milk retailed in the Urban District was heat-treated.

(viii) MILK (SPECIAL DESIGNATION), REGULATIONS.

Under a delegation agreement, certain functions of the Wiltshire County Council, under the Regulations, are carried out by the Urban District Council. Fifty-one samples of designated milks were taken as follows:-

Pasteurised milk	38
Pasteurised (Channel Islands) Milk	11
Sterilised milk	2
Total	51

Four samples of cartoned pasteurised milk failed the Methylene Blue test. These milks were all from the same supplier, situated outside the District, and investigations indicated the cause may have been in the use of some unsatisfactory cartons. Subsequent samples were satisfactory. All remaining milk samples conformed to the standard prescribed in the Regulations.

(ix) ICE-CREAM (HEAT TREATMENT) REGULATIONS.

Nine samples of ice-cream and two ice-lollies were submitted to the Public Health Laboratory. The ice-creams were reported as Provisional Grade I, and the lollies were of a satisfactory bacteriological standard.

(x) WATER SAMPLES.

Seven samples of drinking water and eight samples from the Council's Bathing Pool were submitted to the Public Health Laboratory

for bacteriological examination. All were reported as satisfactory.

B - HOUSING AND PUBLIC HEALTH ACTS.

(a) UNFIT HOUSES.

A Compulsory Purchase Order in respect of ten properties at Stainers Buildings was confirmed by the Ministry of Housing and Local Government.

Detailed inspections were made at twenty-three old properties in Newtown as a result of which the Council decided that owners should be persuaded to improve their properties. Only six of these properties were tenanted. The remainder were owner/occupiers.

(b) HOUSES IN MULTIPLE OCCUPATION.

Informal action continued to be taken under the Council's adopted code of standards for multi-occupied houses.

(c) RENT ACT.

No applications were received for certificates of disrepair.

(d) IMPROVEMENT GRANTS.

(i) Discretionary Grants.

Two applications in respect of two dwellings were received and approved.

(ii) Standard Grants.

Number of applications received	18
Number of applications approved	18
Number of applications refused	Nil
Number of schemes completed during the year ...	21

Amenities Provided by Standard Grants.

Fixed baths or showers	19
Wash hand basins	19
Water Closets	12
Hot Water Supplies	21
Food Stores	20

(e) MOVEABLE DWELLINGS.

No sites were licensed in the District but a licensed site exists in an adjoining Rural District immediately outside the Urban District boundary.

C - CLEAN AIR ACT, 1956.

Black smuts from an oil fired furnace, dark smoke from a coal fired plant and garden bonfires provided the chief causes of complaint

of atmospheric pollution. All were dealt with informally

One notification was received under Section 3 of the Act for the installation of a new furnace.

The Council is a member of the National Society for Clean Air.

D - AGRICULTURE (SAFETY, HEALTH AND WELFARE PROVISIONS) ACT, 1956.

No action was taken under this Act during the year.

E - RODENT AND OTHER PEST CONTROL.

The table below shows the very necessary work carried out by the Rodent Operator in destroying rats and mice. He also dealt with wasps and cockroach infestations on request. The soil sewers were treated twice during the year for rats.

The Council has twelve contracts for the regular treatment for rats and mice at commercial and industrial premises and at one hospital.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949.

	Type of Property	
	Non Agricultural	Agricultural
1. Number of Properties in District	7578	27
2. (a) Total number of properties (including nearby premises) inspected following notification	140	1
(b) Number infested by (i) Rats	81	1
(ii) Mice	59	-
3. (a) Total number of properties inspected for rats and for mice for reasons other than notification	66	6
(b) Number infested by (i) Rats	19	-
(ii) Mice	8	-

F.- PETROLEUM (REGULATION) ACTS, 1928 & 1936.

Forty-one premises were licensed by the Council for the storage of 117,565 gallons of petroleum-spirit. In addition the Home Secretary issued a licence for an installation at a laundry.

G - PET ANIMALS ACT, 1951.

One licence only was issued under the Act to keep a pet shop. The advice of the R.S.P.C.A. is sought in connection with applications for licences.

H - OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963.

The number of registrations and an analysis of the number of persons employed in registered premises are set out below. Ninety-six visits were made under the Act.

Class of Workplace	Number of Registrations During the Year	Number of Persons Employed in Registered Premises
Offices	5	1378
Retail Shops	3	568
Wholesale Shops, Warehouses	-	57
Catering Establishments open to the public, Canteens	1	160
Fuel Storage Depots	-	4
	9	2167

Males:- 1048
Females:- 1119

I - FACTORIES ACT, 1961.

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health.

Premises	Number on Register	Number of		
		Inspection	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
(1) Factories in which Secs.1,2,3,4 & 6 are to be enforced by local Authority	5	1	-	-
(2) Factories not included in (1) in which Sec.7 is enforced by the local authority	96	44	1	-
(3) Other premises in which Sec.7 is enforced by the local authority (excluding out-workers premises)	3	-	-	-
Total	104	45	1	-

2. CASES in which DEFECTS were found

Particulars	No. of cases in which defects found				No. of cases in which prosecutions instituted
	Found	Remedied	Referred To H.M. Inspector	By H.M. Inspector	
Want of Cleanliness S.1.	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding S.2	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature S.3	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation S.4	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors S.6	-	-	-	-	-
Conveniences S.7 (a) Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective	2	2	-	2	-
(c) not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	2	2	-	2	-

OUTWORK Sections 133 and 134.

Nature of Work	Section 133			Section 134		
	No. of out-workers in August list (S.133(1)(c))	No. of cases of default in sending lists to Council	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists	No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises	Notices Served	Pros-ecutions
Wearing Apparel. Making, etc. cleaning and washing.	3	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3	-	-	-	-	-